FIEGEIVED CENTRAL FAX CENTER

Application No. 10/615,794 Amendment dated September 12, 2006 Reply to Office Action of July 13, 2006 SEP 1.2 2006

Docket No.: YOR920030059US1

(20140-00302-US)

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Please cancel claims 2-15 without prejudice or disclaimer. Claims 1.-15. (Canceled).

16. (New) A method of operating a plating bath comprising:

providing a plating bath containing at least an accelerator;

plating at least one metal on a substrate;

measuring the bath concentration of at least one accelerator breakdown product ("void-formation marker, VFM");

measuring the bath concentration of said at least an accelerator;

determining a VFM ratio at each of a plurality of time-points,

wherein said VFM ratio is the concentration of said VFM divided by the concentration of said accelerator;

counting, for each of said time-points, the number of voids in the metal plated on said substrate;

determining a VFM threshold ratio as the highest VFM ratio at which no voids are observed; and

maintaining said VFM ratio below said VFM threshold ratio by performing a bleed and feed of said plating bath to maintain said VFM ratio below said threshold VFM ratio.

17. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 16, wherein determining a concentration of said VFM comprises:

separating said VFM from said plating bath liquor; and quantifying said VFM.

18. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 17, wherein said VFM is separated chromatographically.

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- 19. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 18, wherein said VFM is separated by liquid chromatography
- 20. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 18, wherein said VFM is separated by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).
- 21. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 18, wherein said chromatography comprises ion-pairing, reversed-phase chromatography.
- 22. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 17, wherein said quantifying is performed by instrumental analytical methods selected from the group consisting of spectroscopy and electrochemical detection.
- 23. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 22, wherein said spectroscopy comprises techniques selected from the group consisting of ultraviolet, visible, infrared, and mass spectroscopy.
- 24. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 17, wherein said quantitation is provided by instrumentation that provides a quantitative output in proportion to a concentration of said VFM.
- 25. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 16, wherein said bleed and feed comprises adding a volume of fresh bath liquor to bring the volume above a nominal bath volume and removing said fractional volume.
- 26. (New) The method of operating a plating bath, according to claim 16, wherein said fractional volume is from about 1% to about 10%.